

Section 8.2: Systems of Linear Equations – Matrices

Steps to solve a system of 2 equations and 2 unknowns using matrices and Gauss Jordan Reduction.

Step 1) Create the matrix implied by the system of equations.

For example

$$5x - 3y = 9$$

$$2x + 7y = 20$$

Will become the matrix:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & -3 & 9 \\ 2 & 7 & 20 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step 2: Use elimination method to eliminate the x's.

$$-2(5 \quad -3 \quad 9)$$

$$5(2 \quad 7 \quad 20)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -10 & 6 & -18 \\ 10 & 35 & 100 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 41 & 82 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step 3: divide away the common factor

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{0}{41} & \frac{41}{41} & \frac{82}{41} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step 4: Make the answer to step 2 the bottom row of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & -3 & 9 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step 5: Use the elimination method to eliminate the y's.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 5 & -3 & 9 \\ 3(0 & 1 & 2) \end{array}$$

=

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 5 & -3 & 9 \\ 0 & 3 & 6 \end{array}$$

=

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 5 & 0 & 15 \end{array}$$

Step 6: divide away the common factor:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \frac{5}{5} & \frac{0}{5} & \frac{15}{5} \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 0 & 3 \end{array}$$

Step 7: Make the answer to step 6 the new top row for the matrix created in step 4

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step 8: Create the system of equations from the matrix created in step 6.

$$1x + 0y = 3$$

$$0x + 1y = 2$$

Step 9: Simplify the equations and write your answer.

$$x = 3$$

$$y = 2$$

Answer (3,2)

Step 10: Check

$$5(3) - 3(2) = 9 \quad \text{simplifies to } 9 = 9 \quad \checkmark$$

$$2(3) + 7(2) = 20 \quad \text{simplifies to } 20 = 20 \quad \checkmark$$

Solve the system of equations using matrices and row operations.

$$\begin{array}{l} 6x + 2y = 10 \\ 1) \quad 2x - y = 5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 8x - 3y = -2 \\ 2) \quad 2x + y = -4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 4x - 3y = -2 \\ 3) \quad x - 5y = -9 \end{array}$$

4)

$$\begin{array}{l} 5x + 2y = 16 \\ x - 7y = -19 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 5x + y = -7 \\ 5) \quad 3x - 2y = -12 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 4x + y = 11 \\ 6) \quad 3x - 5y = 37 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 3x + 2y = 11 \\ 7) \quad 2x - y = 5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 4x - 3y = 10 \\ 8) \quad 2x + y = 10 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 4x - 2y = 7 \\ 9) \quad 2x - 5y = -3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 6x + 2y = 26 \\ 10) \quad 2x - 7y = 24 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 5x + 2y = 22 \\ 11) \quad 3x - 5y = 7 \end{array}$$

12)

$$\begin{array}{l} 4x + 2y = 8 \\ 3x - 5y = -7 \end{array}$$

13)

$$\begin{array}{l} -x + y + 2z = 1 \\ 2x + 3y + z = -2 \\ 5x + 4y + 2z = 4 \end{array}$$

14)

$$\begin{array}{l} 3x - 2y + z = 15 \\ -x + y + 2z = -10 \\ x - y - 4z = 14 \end{array}$$

15)

$$\begin{array}{l} -5x - y + 3z = -14 \\ -2x + 2y - 6z = 16 \\ x + 7y + 2z = -5 \end{array}$$

16)

$$\begin{array}{l} 4x + 4y + 4z = 12 \\ 4x - 2y - 8z = -12 \\ 5x + 3y + 8z = 21 \end{array}$$

17)

$$-x + 2y - z = -17$$

$$2x - y + z = 21$$

$$3x + 2y + z = 19$$

18)

$$x + y + 2z = 6$$

$$2x + 3y + z = 11$$

$$5x + 4y + 2z = 19$$

19)

$$4x + y + z = 9$$

$$3x - 2y + z = 4$$

$$5x - 4y + z = 6$$

20)

$$x - y + z = 2$$

$$2x + y + z = 5$$

$$7x + 4y - z = 9$$